118th Congress 1st Session S.
To prohibit discrimination on the basis of mental or physical disability in cases of organ transplants.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Mr. Rubio (for himself and Ms. Hassan) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
A BILL To prohibit discrimination on the basis of mental or physical disability in cases of organ transplants.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Charlotte Woodward
5 Organ Transplant Discrimination Prevention Act".
6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7 Congress finds the following:
8 (1) The Americans with Disabilities Act of

1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973,

and section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Af-

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fordable Care Act prohibit discrimination against individuals with disabilities in organ transplantation and the allocation of organs.

- (2) Despite those prohibitions, there are findings and cases that show, as is documented by the National Council on Disability and others, that individuals with disabilities are being denied organ transplants and related services based solely on the fact that those individuals have a disability.
- (3) 34 States have crafted State-level policy to prohibit organ transplant discrimination against individuals with disabilities. Federal action, however, is required to protect individuals with disabilities and to enforce existing law regardless of the State in which they live.
- (4) The current situation, with continuing cases of discrimination against individuals with disabilities, calls for further clarity by Congress about which actions constitute discrimination under current law, which entities are covered, and the remedies available to individuals experiencing potential discrimination.
- (5) Licensed providers of health care services that provide organ transplants and related services in exchange for medical fees are engaging in an eco-

1	nomic transaction with patients that occurs in or
2	substantially impacts interstate commerce.
3	(6) In the national administration of organ allo-
4	cation in the United States, organs are transported
5	across State lines for transplantation procedures.
6	(7) Discrimination in organ transplantation
7	limits individuals with disabilities from participating
8	in health care transactions in a manner that allows
9	equal access to interstate commerce.
10	(8) The existence of discrimination against indi-
11	viduals with disabilities in the provision of organ
12	transplantation and related services burdens the flow
13	of organs through legal channels of interstate com-
14	merce.
15	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
16	In this Act:
17	(1) AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—The term
18	"auxiliary aids and services" includes—
19	(A) qualified interpreters or other effective
20	methods of making aurally delivered materials
21	available to individuals with a hearing impair-
22	ment;
23	(B) qualified readers, taped texts, or other
24	effective methods of making visually delivered

1	materials available to individuals with a visual
2	impairment;
3	(C) information in a format that is acces-
4	sible for individuals with a cognitive, neuro-
5	logical, developmental, or intellectual disability;
6	(D) supported decisionmaking services;
7	and
8	(E) acquisition or modification of equip-
9	ment or devices.
10	(2) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered en-
11	tity" means any licensed provider of health care
12	services (including licensed health care practitioners,
13	hospitals, nursing facilities, laboratories, inter-
14	mediate care facilities, psychiatric residential treat-
15	ment facilities, institutions for individuals with intel-
16	lectual or developmental disabilities, and prison
17	health centers), and any transplant hospital (as de-
18	fined in section 121.2 of title 42, Code of Federal
19	Regulations or a successor regulation), that—
20	(A) is in interstate commerce; or
21	(B) provides health care services in a man-
22	ner that—
23	(i) substantially affects or has a sub-
24	stantial relation to interstate commerce; or

1	(ii) includes use of an instrument (in-						
2	cluding an instrument of transportation or						
3	communication) of interstate commerce.						
4	(3) DISABILITY.—The term "disability" has the						
5	meaning given the term in section 3 of the Ameri-						
6	cans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.						
7	12102).						
8	(4) Human organ.—The term "human organ"						
9	has the meaning given the term in section 301(c) of						
10	the National Organ Transplant Act (42 U.S.C.						
11	274e(e)).						
12	(5) Matching entity.—The term "matching						
13	entity' means an entity described in section 4.						
14	(6) Organ transplant.—The term "organ						
15	transplant" means the transplantation or trans-						
16	fusion of a donated human organ into the body of						
17	another human for the purpose of treating a medical						
18	condition.						
19	(7) Qualified individual.—The term "quali-						
20	fied individual" means an individual who, with or						
21	without a support network, provision of auxiliary						
22	aids and services, or reasonable modifications to						
23	policies or practices, meets eligibility requirements						
24	for the receipt of a human organ.						

1	(8) Reasonable modifications to policies
2	OR PRACTICES.—The term "reasonable modifications
3	to policies or practices" includes—
4	(A) communication with persons respon-
5	sible for supporting a qualified individual with
6	postsurgical or other care following an organ
7	transplant or related services, including support
8	with medication; and
9	(B) consideration, in determining whether
10	a qualified individual will be able to comply
11	with health requirements following an organ
12	transplant or receipt of related services, of sup-
13	port networks available to the qualified indi-
14	vidual, including family, friends, and providers
15	of home and community-based services, includ-
16	ing home and community-based services funded
17	through the Medicare or Medicaid program
18	under title XVIII or XIX, respectively, of the
19	Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.,
20	1396 et seq.), another health plan in which the
21	qualified individual is enrolled, or any program
22	or source of funding available to the qualified
23	individual.

1	(9) Related Services.—The term "related
2	services" means services related to an organ trans-
3	plant that consist of—
4	(A) evaluation;
5	(B) counseling;
6	(C) treatment, including postoperative
7	treatment, and care;
8	(D) provision of information; and
9	(E) any other service recommended or re-
10	quired by a physician.
11	(10) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
12	means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
13	(11) Supported decision making.—The term
14	"supported decision making" means the use of a
15	support person to assist a qualified individual in
16	making health care decisions, communicate informa-
17	tion to the qualified individual, or ascertain a quali-
18	fied individual's wishes. Such term includes—
19	(A) the inclusion of the individual's attor-
20	ney-in-fact or health care proxy, or any person
21	of the individual's choice, in communications
22	about the individual's health care;
23	(B) permitting the individual to designate
24	a person of the individual's choice for the pur-
25	poses of supporting that individual in commu-

1	nicating, processing information, or making
2	health care decisions;
3	(C) providing auxiliary aids and services
4	described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (E)
5	of paragraph (1) to facilitate the individual's
6	ability to communicate and process health-re-
7	lated information, including providing use of as-
8	sistive communication technology;
9	(D) providing health information to per-
10	sons designated by the individual, consistent
11	with the regulations promulgated under section
12	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and
13	Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d-
14	2 note) and other applicable laws and regula-
15	tions governing disclosure of health informa-
16	tion;
17	(E) providing health information in a for-
18	mat that is readily understandable by the indi-
19	vidual; and
20	(F) working with a court-appointed guard-
21	ian or other person responsible for making
22	health care decisions on behalf of the individual,
23	to ensure that the individual is included in deci-
24	sions involving the health care of the individual

1	and that health care decisions are in accordance					
2	with the individual's own expressed interests.					
3	(12) Support Network.—The term "support					
4	network" means, with respect to a qualified indi-					
5	vidual, one or more people who are—					
6	(A) selected by the qualified individual or					
7	by the qualified individual and the guardian of					
8	the qualified individual, to provide assistance to					
9	the qualified individual or guidance to that					
10	qualified individual in understanding issues,					
11	making plans for the future, or making complex					
12	decisions; and					
13	(B) who may include the family members,					
14	friends, unpaid supporters, members of the reli-					
15	gious congregation, and appropriate personnel					
16	at a community center, of or serving the quali-					
17	fied individual.					
18	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATORY POLICY.					
19	An entity who receives a contract under section 372					
20	of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 274) to match					
21	human organs and individuals, and otherwise carry out					
22	the functions described in subsection (b) of that section,					
23	shall not issue policies, recommendations, or other memo-					
24	randa that would prohibit, or otherwise hinder, a qualified					

1	individual's access to an organ transplant solely on the							
2	basis of that individual's disability.							
3	SEC. 5. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION.							
4	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), a cov-							
5	ered entity may not, solely on the basis of a qualified indi-							
6	vidual's disability—							
7	(1) determine that the individual is ineligible to							
8	receive an organ transplant or related services;							
9	(2) deny the individual an organ transplant or							
10	related services;							
11	(3) refuse to refer the individual to an organ							
12	transplant center or other related specialist for the							
13	purpose of receipt of an organ transplant or other							
14	related services; or							
15	(4) refuse to place the individual on an organ							
16	transplant waiting list.							
17	(b) Exception.—							
18	(1) In general.—							
19	(A) Medically significant disabil-							
20	ITIES.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a cov-							
21	ered entity may take a qualified individual's							
22	disability into account when making a health							
23	care treatment or coverage recommendation or							
24	decision, solely to the extent that the disability							
25	has been found by a physician, following an in-							

1 dividualized evaluation of the potential recipi-2 ent, to be medically significant to the receipt of 3 the organ transplant or related services, as the 4 case may be. 5 (B) Construction.—Subparagraph (A) 6 shall not be construed to require a referral or 7 recommendation for, or the performance of, a 8 medically inappropriate organ transplant or 9 medically inappropriate related services. 10 (2) CLARIFICATION.—If a qualified individual 11 has the necessary support network to provide a rea-12 sonable assurance that the qualified individual will 13 be able to comply with health requirements following 14 an organ transplant or receipt of related services, as 15 the case may be, the qualified individual's inability 16 to independently comply with those requirements 17 may not be construed to be medically significant for 18 purposes of paragraph (1). 19 (c) Reasonable Modifications.—A covered entity 20 shall make reasonable modifications to policies or practices 21 (including procedures) of such entity if such modifications 22 are necessary to make an organ transplant or related serv-23 ices available to qualified individuals with disabilities, unless the entity can demonstrate that making such modi-

fications would fundamentally alter the nature of such 2 policies or practices. 3 (d) Clarifications.— 4 (1) No denial of services because of ab-5 SENCE OF AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—For 6 purposes of this section, a covered entity shall take 7 such steps as may be necessary to ensure that a 8 qualified individual with a disability is not denied a 9 procedure associated with the receipt of an organ 10 transplant or related services, because of the absence 11 of auxiliary aids and services, unless the covered en-12 tity can demonstrate that taking such steps would 13 fundamentally alter the nature of the procedure 14 being offered or would result in an undue burden on 15 the entity. 16 (2) Compliance with other law.—Nothing 17 in this section shall be construed— 18 (A) to prevent a covered entity from pro-19 viding organ transplants or related services at 20 a level that is greater than the level that is re-21 quired by this section; or (B) to limit the rights of an individual with 22 23 a disability under, or to replace or limit the 24 scope of obligations imposed by, the Americans

with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101

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1	et seq.) including the provisions added to such
2	Act by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008, sec-
3	tion 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29
4	U.S.C. 794), section 1557 of the Patient Pro-
5	tection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C.
6	18116), or any other applicable law.
7	(e) Enforcement.—
8	(1) In general.—Any individual who alleges
9	that a qualified individual was subject to a violation
10	of this section by a covered entity—
11	(A) may bring a claim regarding the alle-
12	gation to the Office for Civil Rights of the De-
13	partment of Health and Human Services, for
14	expedited resolution; and
15	(B) whether or not such a claim is brought
16	under subparagraph (A) or a violation is found
17	pursuant to subparagraph (A), may bring a
18	civil action in a district court of the United
19	States for injunctive or other equitable relief,
20	including the relief described in paragraph (2),
21	against such covered entity to obtain compli-
22	ance of such covered entity with this section.
23	(2) Relief available.—The injunctive and
24	equitable relief available in a civil action brought

1	under paragraph (1)(B), with respect to a covered
2	entity, includes—
3	(A) requiring auxiliary aids and services to
4	be made available by the entity involved;
5	(B) requiring reasonable modifications to
6	policies or practices (including procedures) of
7	such entity; or
8	(C) requiring that a facility of such entity
9	be made readily accessible and usable.
10	(3) Expedited review.—In the case of a civil
11	action brought under paragraph (1)(B), with respect
12	to a covered entity, the district court in which such
13	action is brought shall advance on its docket and ex-
14	pedite review and disposition of such action.
15	(4) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
16	subsection is intended to limit or replace available
17	remedies under the Americans with Disabilities Act
18	of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) or any other ap-
19	plicable law.
20	SEC. 6. APPLICATION TO EACH PART OF PROCESS.
21	The provisions of this Act—
22	(1) that apply to an organ transplant, also
23	apply to the evaluation and listing of a qualified in-
24	dividual, and to the organ transplant and post-

1	organ-transplant	treatment	of	such	an	individual;
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- 2 and
- 3 (2) that apply to related services, also apply to
- 4 the process for receipt of related services by such an
- 5 individual.

6 SEC. 7. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

- 7 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to supersede
- 8 any provision of any State or local law that provides great-
- 9 er rights to qualified individuals with respect to organ
- 10 transplants than the rights established under this Act.