PAT20594 S.L.C.

## 116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## S. RES.

Designating June 19, 2020, as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in recognition of June 19, 1865, the date on which news of the end of slavery reached the slaves in the Southwestern States.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Cornyn (for himself, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. Wicker, Ms. Rosen, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Blunt, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Brown, Mr. Burr, Mr. Carper, Mr. Casey, Mr. Cassidy, Ms. Collins, Mr. Coons, Ms. Cortez Masto, Mr. Cramer, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Cruz, Ms. Duckworth, Mrs. Feinstein, Mrs. Fischer, Ms. Harris, Mr. Hawley, Ms. Hirono, Mrs. Hyde-Smith, Mr. Jones, Mr. Kaine, Mr. King, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Lee, Mrs. Loeffler, Mr. Markey, Ms. McSally, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Moran, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Murphy, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Paul, Mr. Perdue, Mr. Peters, Mr. Portman, Mr. Reed, Mr. Risch, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Scott of South Carolina, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Warner, Ms. Warren, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Young, Mr. Grassley, and Mr. Durbin) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_\_

## **RESOLUTION**

Designating June 19, 2020, as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in recognition of June 19, 1865, the date on which news of the end of slavery reached the slaves in the Southwestern States.

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach the frontier areas of the United States, in particular the State of Texas and the other Southwestern States, until months PAT20594 S.L.C.

after the conclusion of the Civil War, more than  $2\frac{1}{2}$  years after President Abraham Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation on January 1, 1863;

- Whereas, on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers, led by Major General Gordon Granger, arrived in Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil War had ended and the enslaved were free;
- Whereas African Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19, commonly known as "Juneteenth Independence Day", as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;
- Whereas African Americans from the Southwest have continued the tradition of observing Juneteenth Independence Day for more than 150 years;
- Whereas Juneteenth Independence Day began as a holiday in the State of Texas and is now celebrated in 46 States and the District of Columbia as a special day of observance in recognition of the emancipation of all slaves in the United States;
- Whereas Juneteenth Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African-American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;
- Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves and the descendants of former slaves remain an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race;
- Whereas slavery was not officially abolished until the ratification of the 13th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States in December 1865; and

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Whereas, over the course of its history, the United States has grown into a symbol of democracy and freedom around the world: Now, therefore, be it

	the world. Ivow, therefore, be it
1	Resolved, That the Senate—
2	(1) designates June 19, 2020, as "Juneteenth
3	Independence Day'';
4	(2) recognizes the historical significance of
5	Juneteenth Independence Day to the United States:
6	(3) supports the continued nationwide celebra-
7	tion of Juneteenth Independence Day to provide an
8	opportunity for the people of the United States to
9	learn more about the past and to better understand
10	the experiences that have shaped the United States
11	and
12	(4) recognizes that the observance of the end of
13	slavery is part of the history and heritage of the
14	United States.